

U.S. Stocks
Yield: 2.05%

Risk: 8.33%

 TREND
B

 CARRY
D

This asset class continues to be middle of the road in terms of income, but this income is at a reasonable level of risk and has a low overall correlation to bonds. The low volatility and possible changes to the regulatory environment make this asset class fairly attractive.

International Stocks
Yield: 3.18%

Risk: 9.65%

 TREND
C

 CARRY
B

The trend is improving thanks to a bit of a sell-off in the U.S. dollar. Volatility has come down, making it a better option for income investors, but we would still take the U.S. over international stocks today. The change in trend and carry does indicate a possible improvement down the road.

Emerging Market Stocks
Yield: 2.50%

Risk: 12.20%

 TREND
A

 CARRY
D

Emerging market stocks still produce low income, but the asset class offers strong diversification away from the U.S. economic environment. Furthermore, the asset class continues to be one of the most reasonably valued equity asset class in terms of earnings. The strong trend, valuation and possible change in the long-term cycle all favor this asset class.

U.S. Real Estate
Yield: 4.59%

Risk: 14.95%

 TREND
B

 CARRY
B

The positive correlation with bonds should be taken seriously, especially for any investor with a large position in fixed-rate bonds. This asset class is probably a good speculative position on the basis of a rebound off the recent lows, but not a good long-term core position for now.

Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)
Yield: 6.81%

Risk: 19.47%

 TREND
A

 CARRY
A

Despite the higher level of price volatility, MLPs have continued their strong 2016 performance into 2017. Growth investors with less exposure to bonds should look at this asset class as a high-yield proxy within their stock portfolio.

Preferred Stocks
Yield: 4.98%

Risk: 7.45%

 TREND
F

 CARRY
A

Preferred stocks are the asset class to own for safe U.S.-based income. It does have a positive correlation to bonds, but the higher income stream should help protect it from changes in rates. Plus, as bank stocks rallied, the bank-heavy preferred market declined. This space could be a good way to play financials as they start their recovery.

Utilities
Yield: 3.52%

Risk: 17.51%

 TREND
C

 CARRY
F

Like real estate, utilities sold off as investors weighed the impact from rising rates. This provides an attractive way to get low volatility U.S.-based income. However, the earning multiples of this space and long-term growth prospects are fairly weak signals. We think investors may want to look to Preferred Stocks instead of Utilities.

International Real Estate
Yield: 3.72%

Risk: 13.25%

 TREND
D

 CARRY
C

Like real estate, utilities sold off as investors weighed the impact from rising rates. This asset class provides an attractive way to get low volatility U.S.-based income. However, the earning multiples of this space and long-term growth prospects are fairly weak signals. We think investors may want to look to preferred stocks instead of utilities.

EM Infrastructure
Yield: 3.25%

Risk: 12.54%

 TREND
D

 CARRY
C

If EM stocks are too volatile, we believe this asset class is a great way to access the economic growth of the emerging markets with some decent income and lower volatility. Additionally, most of these stocks are backed with hard assets and positive cash flow.

Grades: Quintile rankings of asset classes
 Downgrade Upgrade No Change

Trend: 12 month momentum
Carry: Current Yield / Current Std. Deviation

Risk: Based on 60-day std. deviation

Sources: Bloomberg, Salient Partners L.P., as of 01/31/17. The performance quoted represents past performance, does not guarantee future results and current performance may be lower or higher than the data quoted.

Investing involves risk, including possible loss of principal. The value of any financial instruments or markets mentioned herein can fall as well as rise. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

This material is distributed for informational purposes only and should not be considered as investment advice, a recommendation of any particular security, strategy or investment product, or as an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of any investment. Statistics, prices, estimates, forward-looking statements, and other information contained herein have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but no guarantee is given as to their accuracy or completeness. All expressions of opinion are subject to change without notice.

Nathan J. Rowader is a registered representative of ALPS Distributors, Inc.

Definition of Terms

Alerian MLP Infrastructure Index is the leading gauge of large- and mid-cap energy master limited partnerships (MLPs). The float-adjusted, capitalization-weighted index includes some of the most prominent companies and captures approximately 75% of available market capitalization.

Bloomberg Barclays EM Sovereign Bond Index is a rules-based market-value weighted index engineered to measure the fixed-rate local currency sovereign bonds issued in emerging markets as identified by Bloomberg.

Bloomberg Barclays Global Treasury ex-USD Index is an unmanaged index composed of those securities included in the Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index that are Treasury securities, with the U.S. excluded while hedging the currency back to the U.S. dollar.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index represents securities that are U.S. domestic, taxable and dollar denominated. The index covers the U.S. investment-grade, fixed-rate bond market, with index components for government and corporate securities, mortgage pass-through securities and asset-backed securities.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Corporate High-Yield Bond Index covers the USD-denominated, noninvestment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch and S&P is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Credit Index is an index composed of corporate and non-corporate debt issues that are rated investment grade (Baa3/BBB) or higher.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) Index tracks the mortgage-backed pass-through securities of Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA) and Freddie Mac (FHLMC).

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Municipal Bond Index covers the USD-denominated, long-term tax-exempt bond market. The index has four main sectors: state and local general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, insured bonds and pre-refunded bonds.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Index is an unmanaged index of public obligations of the U.S. Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Bond 1-3 Year Term Index is an unmanaged index of public obligations of the U.S. Treasury with a maturity between one and up to (but not including) three years.

BofA Merrill Lynch U.S. Core Fixed Rate Preferred Stock Index consists of investment-grade, fixed and fixed-to-floating rate U.S. dollar-denominated preferred securities. Brexit a term for the potential or hypothetical departure of the United Kingdom from the European Union.

Credit Suisse Emerging Market Corporate Bond Index consists of U.S. dollar-denominated fixed-income issues from Latin America, Eastern Europe and Asia.

Dow Jones Global ex-U.S. Select REIT Index measures the performance of equity real estate investment trusts (REITs) and real estate operating companies (REOCs) traded globally, excluding the U.S.

Dow Jones U.S. Real Estate Index measures the performance of the real estate industry of the U.S. equity market.

JPMorgan Global Manufacturing Purchasing Managers Index is a composite index that serves as a global economic indicator by measuring different business conditions in 24 countries, including global manufacturing output, new orders and employment across the global manufacturing sector.

MSCI EAFE (Europe, Australasia and Far East) Index is a stock market index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets outside of the U.S. and Canada.

MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets.

MSCI Emerging Markets Infrastructure Index captures the global opportunity set of companies that are owners or operators of infrastructure assets.

MSCI World Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index designed to measure equity market performance in the global developed markets.

Max drawdown is the percentage of loss that an asset incurs from its peak net asset value to its lowest value.

Price-earnings (P/E) ratio is a measure of the price paid for a share of stock relative to the annual income or profit earned by the company per share. A higher P/E ratio means that investors are paying more for each unit of income.

Russell 2000 Index measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell 3000 Index represents approximately 98% of the investable U.S. equity market.

S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 common stocks chosen to reflect the industries in the U.S. economy.

Sharpe ratio is a ratio developed by Nobel laureate William F. Sharpe to measure how a fund performs relative to the risk it takes.

Standard deviation measures the degree to which a fund's return varies from its previous returns or from the average of all similar funds.

Yield is the interest or dividends received from a security and is usually expressed annually as a percentage based on the investment's cost or on the U.S. government's debt obligations.

Not FDIC Insured | No Bank Guarantee | May Lose Value

©2017 Salient Partners, L.P. All rights reserved.



4265 San Felipe
8th Floor
Houston, TX 77027

800-994-0755

www.salientpartners.com

FSD002472
022818